Multimode Fiber Coupled Butterfly Package





Our proprietary multimode wavelength stabilized laser diode features high output power with ultra-narrow spectral bandwidth and a uniform intensity output beam. Designed to replace expensive DFB, DBR, fiber, and external cavity lasers, the multimode Spectrum Stabilized Laser offers superior wave-length stability over time, temperature, and vibration, and is manufactured to meet the most demanding wavelength requirements. The laser's stabilized peak wavelength re-mains "locked" regardless of case temp. (15 to 45° C). Devices can be spectrally tailored to suit application needs and offer side mode suppression ratios (SMSRs) better than 40 dB, thereby providing extremely high signal-to-noise ratio.

Standard Wavelengths

All specified wavelengths are measured "in-vacuum"

Applications

This laser package is designed for OEM Integration and is ideal for:

- High Resolution Raman Spectroscopy Portable Raman
 Process Raman
- Direct-Diode Frequency Doubling
- Fiber Laser Pumping
- Metrology & Interferometry
- Remote Sensing

Key Features

- Ultra-Narrow Spectral Bandwidth (< 0.1 nm FWHM, 0.08 nm typical)
- Stabilized Output Spectrum (< 0.007 nm/°C)
- "Ultra-Track" Linear Tracking Photodiode
- Low Power consumption
- 40 dB SMSR Typical
- Multimode laser diodes come standard with <0.1 nm (0.08 nm typical) spectral linewidth.
- Available with 105 micron core or 62.5 micron core fiber (105 micron core is standard)

638nm	785nm	860nm
660nm	808nm	976nm
680nm	830nm	1064nm

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Specifications



Wavelength Tolerance	+/- 0.5 nm	λ (nm)	Output Power (mW)	Base Part Number	Max Current, Voltage
Spectral Linewidth	<0.1 nm (0.08nm typical)				
Wavelength Stability Range	15 - 45 °C	638	350*	RI0638MB0350MX_	1000 mA, 3.3V
SMSR	35 - 45 dB	660	250	RI0660MB0250MX_	1000 mA, 3.3V
105 micron core multi-	680	300	RI0680MB0300MX_	1000 mA, 3.3V	
	mode(MM) fiber	785	350	RI0785MB0350MX_	1000 mA, 2.3V
Output Power			600	RI0785MB0600MX	1350 mA, 2.3V
Stability	1% typical		800	RI0785MB0800MX_	1500 mA, 2.3V
			350	RI0808MB0350MX_	1000 mA, 2.3V
		808	600	RI0808MB0600MX_	1350 mA, 2.3V
			800	RI0808MB0800MX	1500 mA, 2.3V
			350	RI0830MB0350MX_	6000 mA, 2.3V
		830	600	RI0830MB0600MX	1350mA, 2.3V
			800	RI0830MB0800MX_	1500 mA, 2.3V
		940	350	RI0860MB0350MX	1000 mA, 2.3V
		000	600	RI0830MB0600MX_	1350 mA, 2.3V
			600	RI0976MB0600MX_	1500 mA, 2.3V
		976	800	RI0976MB0800MX_	1500 mA, 2.3V
			4000**	RI0976MB4000MX_	6000 mA, 2.3V
			5000**	RI0976MB5000MX_	7000 mA, 2.3V
			350	RI1064MB0350MX_	1350 mA, 2.3V
	1064	600	RI1064MB0600MX_	1500 mA, 2.3V	
Part Schema		800	RI1064MB0800MX	1500 mA, 2.3V	



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Selected Data



TEC Current Limit	3.2 A		
TEC Voltage Limit	5.8 V		
Photodiode Current	30uA		
Integral Thermistor	Betatherm 10K3CG3		



Typical 785nm SS Laser Spectrum

Typical 785nm Beam Quality

Custom Capability

- Custom wavelengths available upon request
- FC/PC, SMA, or unterminated output coupler
- Various output fiber diameters available
- External TEC (e.g. No TEC inside of package optional)

Electrical Specs

Pin 1	TEC+
Pin 2	Thermistor (10kOhm @25°C
Pin 3	PD Anode
Pin 4	PD Cathode
Pin 5	Thermistor
Pin 6-8	NC
Pin 9	Laser Cathode (-)
Pin 10	Laser Anode (+)
Pin 11	Laser Cathode (-)
Pin 12	NC
Pin 13	Case Ground
Pin 14	TEC -

Mechanical Drawings







OEM Laser Product: This laser module is designed for use as a component (or replacement) part and is thereby exempt from 21 CFR1040.10 and 1040.11 provisions.

Operational Notes

- 1. 14-pin BF should be mounted on a heat sink with a thermal compound (thermal grease).
- 2. Take care not to over-tighten screws when mounting. This can bend the BF package causing damage and hindering performance and is not covered under warranty.
- 3. Laser and TEC driver circuitry should be configured in a manner to prevent power /current / voltage surges and spikes.
- 4. We recommend not grounding anode and cathode as this can cause ground loops.
- 5. TECs require optimization of PID controller parameters in customer specific application (e.g. ambient temperature, TEC controller, heat sinking etc.) to prevent overtemperature surges that could damage the laser diode.



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